



Disclosure to Promote the Right To Information

Whereas the Parliament of India has set out to provide a practical regime of right to information for citizens to secure access to information under the control of public authorities, in order to promote transparency and accountability in the working of every public authority, and whereas the attached publication of the Bureau of Indian Standards is of particular interest to the public, particularly disadvantaged communities and those engaged in the pursuit of education and knowledge, the attached public safety standard is made available to promote the timely dissemination of this information in an accurate manner to the public.

“जानने का अधिकार, जीने का अधिकार”

Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan

“The Right to Information, The Right to Live”

“पुराने को छोड़ नये के तरफ”

Jawaharlal Nehru

“Step Out From the Old to the New”

IS 5580 (1970): Chisels, Stille Pattern, Orthopaedic [MHD
2: Orthopaedic Instruments, Implants and Accessories]

“ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण”

Satyanaaran Gangaram Pitroda

“Invent a New India Using Knowledge”



“ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता है”

Bhartṛhari—Nītiśatakam

“Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen”



BLANK PAGE



PROTECTED BY COPYRIGHT



Indian Standard
SPECIFICATION FOR
CHISELS, STILLE PATTERN, ORTHOPAEDIC

- Scope** — Dimensions and requirements for Stille pattern chisels, used in orthopaedic surgery.
- Material** — Stainless steel conforming to Designation 30Cr13 of Schedule V of IS : 1570-1961* or stainless steel of the following composition:

Constituent	Percent
Carbon	0.35 to 0.45
Silicon	0.60 Max
Manganese	0.60 Max
Chromium	12 to 14
Nickel	0.60 Max
Sulphur	0.03 Max
Phosphorus	0.03 Max

- Shape and Dimensions** — As shown in Fig. 1.

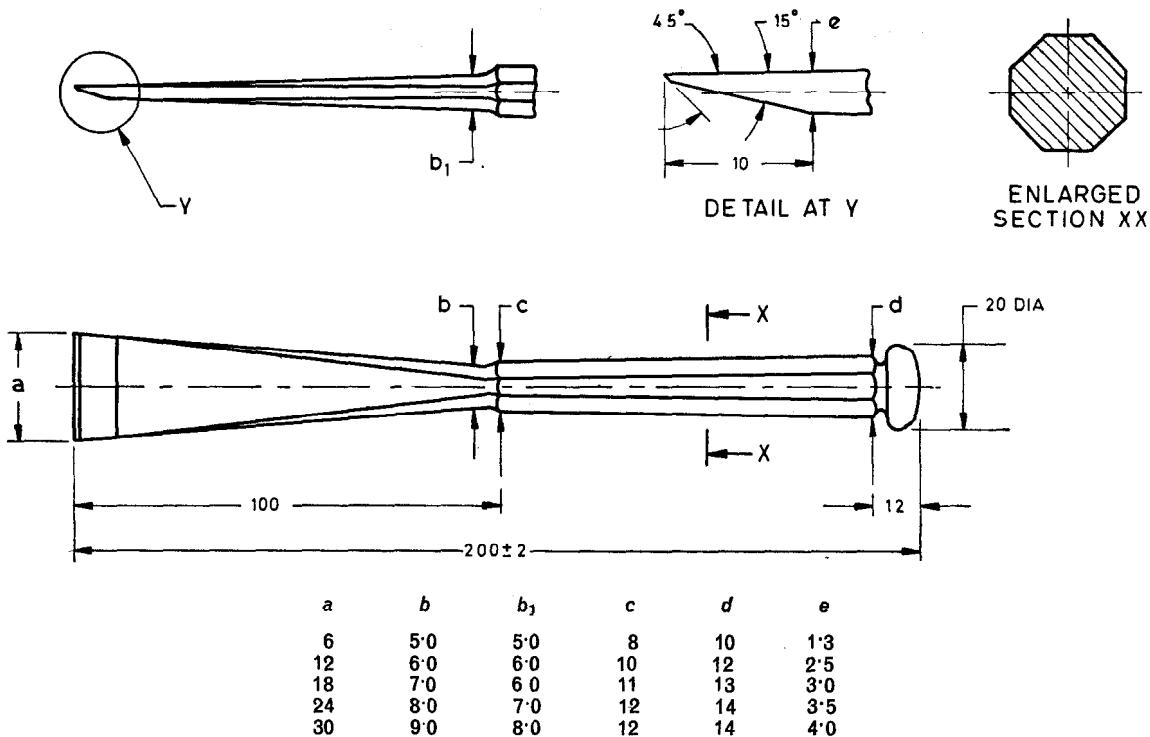


FIG. 1 CHISEL, STILLE PATTERN

4. Requirements

4.1 Workmanship — All the surfaces of chisel shall be free from pits, burrs, cracks and other surface defects. The cutting edge of the instrument shall be square to the central line, properly sharpened and be free from burrs, feathers, nicks, and waviness. All the other edges shall be rounded.

4.2 Finish — The instrument shall be suitably passivated and finished smooth and bright.

4.3 Heat Treatment — Evenly hardened and tempered to 500 to 550 HV.

*Schedules for wrought steels for general engineering purposes.

4.4 Performance — The chisel shall be held in one hand firmly with the cutting edge making an angle of 45° on to a piece of long hard and dry sheep bone. The bone shall be chipped off in small segments by chiselling using a 1-kg hammer. After 20 strokes the head shall not become mushroom shaped. The cutting edge shall not show any sign of damage or loss of cutting efficiency and the shank shall not show any deformation.

4.5 Corrosion Resistance (Copper Sulphate Test) — Scrub the sample with soap and warm water, rinse in hot water, and then dip in 95 percent ethyl alcohol. Dry the sample. Immerse in copper sulphate solution at room temperature for 6 minutes and wash off with fresh water or wet cotton wool. Make up the solution as follows:

Copper sulphate (CuSO ₄ .5H ₂ O)	4·0 g
Sulphuric acid (H ₂ SO ₄) (sp gr 1·84)	10·0 g
Water (H ₂ O)	90·0 ml

No red stains or spots on the sample shall be allowed but dulling of the polished surface may be permitted.

5. Marking — Shall be legibly and indelibly marked with the manufacturer's name or initials or recognized trade-mark.

5.1 ISI Certification Marking — Details available from the Indian Standards Institution, New Delhi 1.

6. Packing — Shall be as agreed to between the purchaser and the supplier.